

**PROBLEM 4 (Dipoles – 4 points):**

A point dipole with  $p_0 = 10^{-12}$  [C m] is fixed at the origin of a Cartesian coordinate system and points up. Four,  $N = 4$ , little dipoles with  $p = 10^{-15}$  [C m] each and pointing radially away from  $p_0$  are uniformly distributed on a horizontal circle of radius  $R = 1$  [cm] as shown in the Figure below. The little dipoles are allowed to rotate until they assume the equilibrium orientation. During this process each little dipole emits a photon. Your task is to determine:

- The initial and final dipole moments  $\vec{p}_A^{\text{before}}$  and  $\vec{p}_A^{\text{after}}$  of the little dipole at location  $A$ .
- The frequency,  $f$ , of each of the emitted photons.
- The total emitted energy,  $\mathcal{E}_{\text{total}}$ .

