

TABLE 1 EQUIVALENT EXPRESSIONS FOR  $\sin \alpha$ ,  $\cos \alpha$ ,  $\tan \alpha$ , AND  $\cot \alpha$ 

Function	$\sin \alpha$	$\cos \alpha$	$\tan \alpha$	$\cot \alpha$
$\sin \alpha$	$\sin \alpha$	$\pm \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \alpha}$	$\frac{\tan \alpha}{\pm \sqrt{1 + \tan^2 \alpha}}$	$\frac{1}{\pm \sqrt{1 + \cot^2 \alpha}}$
$\cos \alpha$	$\pm \sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \alpha}$	$\cos \alpha$	$\frac{1}{\pm \sqrt{1 + \tan^2 \alpha}}$	$\frac{\cot \alpha}{\pm \sqrt{1 + \cot^2 \alpha}}$
$\tan \alpha$	$\frac{\sin \alpha}{\pm \sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \alpha}}$	$\frac{\pm \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \alpha}}{\cos \alpha}$	$\tan \alpha$	$\frac{1}{\cot \alpha}$
$\cot \alpha$	$\frac{\pm \sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \alpha}}{\sin \alpha}$	$\frac{\cos \alpha}{\pm \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \alpha}}$	$\frac{1}{\tan \alpha}$	$\cot \alpha$

TABLE 2

$$\begin{aligned} \sin \alpha &= \frac{1}{\csc \alpha} & \cos \alpha &= \frac{1}{\sec \alpha} & \tan \alpha &= \frac{1}{\cot \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \\ \csc \alpha &= \frac{1}{\sin \alpha} & \sec \alpha &= \frac{1}{\cos \alpha} & \cot \alpha &= \frac{1}{\tan \alpha} = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} \\ \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha &= 1 & 1 + \tan^2 \alpha &= \sec^2 \alpha & 1 + \cot^2 \alpha &= \csc^2 \alpha \\ \sin^2 \alpha &= \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos 2\alpha) & \cos^2 \alpha &= \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos 2\alpha) \\ \sin^3 \alpha &= \frac{1}{4}(3 \sin \alpha - \sin 3\alpha) & \cos^3 \alpha &= \frac{1}{4}(\cos 3\alpha + 3 \cos \alpha) \\ \sin \alpha \sin \beta &= \frac{1}{2} \cos(\alpha - \beta) - \frac{1}{2} \cos(\alpha + \beta) \\ \cos \alpha \cos \beta &= \frac{1}{2} \cos(\alpha - \beta) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(\alpha + \beta) \\ \sin \alpha \cos \beta &= \frac{1}{2} \sin(\alpha + \beta) + \frac{1}{2} \sin(\alpha - \beta) \\ \sin(\alpha \pm \beta) &= \sin \alpha \cos \beta \pm \cos \alpha \sin \beta \\ \cos(\alpha \pm \beta) &= \cos \alpha \cos \beta \mp \sin \alpha \sin \beta \\ \tan(\alpha \pm \beta) &= \frac{\tan \alpha \pm \tan \beta}{1 \mp \tan \alpha \tan \beta} \\ \sin \frac{\alpha}{2} &= \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{2}} = \frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{1 + \sin \alpha} - \sqrt{1 - \sin \alpha}) & \text{positive if } \frac{\alpha}{2} \text{ in quad-} \\ & & & & \text{rants I or II, nega-} \\ & & & & \text{tive otherwise} \\ \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} &= \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{2}} = \frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{1 + \sin \alpha} + \sqrt{1 - \sin \alpha}) & \text{positive if } \frac{\alpha}{2} \text{ in I or} \\ & & & & \text{IV, negative} \\ & & & & \text{otherwise.} \\ \tan \frac{\alpha}{2} &= \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1 + \tan^2 \alpha}}{\tan \alpha} \\ &= \frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha}} & \text{positive if } \frac{\alpha}{2} \text{ in I or III, nega-} \\ & & & & \text{tive otherwise.} \\ \sin 2\alpha &= 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha = \pm 2 \sin \alpha \sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \alpha} = \pm 2 \cos \alpha \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \alpha} \\ \cos 2\alpha &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha = 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1 = 1 - 2 \sin^2 \alpha \\ \tan 2\alpha &= \frac{2 \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha} & \cot 2\alpha &= \frac{\cot^2 \alpha - 1}{2 \cot \alpha} \end{aligned}$$