9. The temperature distribution u(x, t) in a 2-m long brass rod is governed by the problem

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha^2 u_{xx} &= u_t, & (0 < x < 2, \ 0 < t < \infty) \\ u(0,t) &= u(2,t) = 0, & (t > 0) \\ u(x,0) &= \begin{cases} 50x, & (0 < x < 1) \\ 100 - 5x, & (1 < x < 2) \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

where $\alpha^2 = 2.9 \times 10^{-5} \, \mathrm{m}^2/\mathrm{sec.}$

(a) Determine the solution for u(x, t).

(b) Compute the temperature at the midpoint of the rod at the end of 1 hour.

(c) Compute the time it will take for the temperature at that point to diminish to 5° C.

(d) Compute the time it will take for the temperature at that point to diminish to 1° C.

(The problem is from Separation of Variables in Diffusion Equation.)