

Prove that there exists a surjection from $\mathcal{P}(\mathbb{N})$ onto ω_1 .

The solution may have some aspects in common with the proof of Hartog's theorem.

[we may not use the Axiom of Choice]

Notation and Definitions

Notation: ω_1 denotes the first uncountable ordinal.

\leq is a well ordering of ω_1 with the property that $\text{seg}_{\omega_1}(\alpha)$ is countable for all $\alpha \in \omega_1$

Here is Hartog's Theorem:

[from Notes on Set Theory -Yiannis Moschovakis]

[Let me know if you have a question on notation; I have a pdf file of this book]

7.34. Hartogs' Theorem. *There is a definite operation $\chi(A)$ which associates with each set A , a well ordered set*

$$\chi(A) = (h(A), \leq_{\chi(A)}),$$

such that $h(A) \not\leq_c A$, i.e., there exists no injection $\pi : h(A) \rightarrow A$. Moreover, $\chi(A)$ is \leq_o -minimal with this property, i.e., for every well ordered set W ,

$$\text{if } W \not\leq_c A, \text{ then } \chi(A) \leq_o W. \quad (7-27)$$

PROOF. First set

$$\text{WO}(A) =_{\text{df}} \{U \mid U = (\text{Field}(U), \leq_U) \text{ is a well ordered set} \\ \text{with } \text{Field}(U) \subseteq A\}, \quad (7-28)$$

and let \sim_A be the restriction of the definite condition $=_o$ to $\text{WO}(A)$,

$$U \sim_A V \iff_{\text{df}} U, V \in \text{WO}(A) \text{ \& } U =_o V.$$

Clearly \sim_A is an equivalence relation on $\text{WO}(A)$, and we set

$$h(A) =_{\text{df}} [\![\text{WO}(A)/\sim_A]\!] \subseteq \mathcal{P}(\text{WO}(A)). \quad (7-29)$$

We order the equivalence classes in $h(A)$ by their “representatives”,

$$[U/\sim_A] \leq_{\chi(A)} [V/\sim_A] \iff_{\text{df}} U \leq_o V; \quad (7-30)$$

this makes sense because if

$$[U/\sim_A] = [U'/\sim_A], [V/\sim_A] = [V'/\sim_A], \text{ and } U \leq_o V,$$

then $U' =_o U \leq_o V =_o V'$. The fact that $\leq_{\chi(A)}$ is a wellordering of $h(A)$ follows easily from the general properties of \leq_o , **7.31** and **7.33**. Taking the negation of both sides of (7-30) we infer its strict version,

$$V <_o U \iff [V/\sim_A] <_{\chi(A)} [U/\sim_A] \quad (U, V \in \mathbf{WO}(A)). \quad (7-31)$$