

6. Let A be a non-empty bounded subset of \mathbb{R} . Let $B = \{2a^2 : a \in A\}$. Prove that B is bounded above. (9 points)

Let $a+1$ be bounded above.

What do you mean by this?

$$\text{then } 2a^2 > a = 2(a+1)^2 = 2(a^2 + 2a + 1)$$

$$\text{by def. of sup } > 2a^2 + 2a + 1 > 2a > a$$

$$2a < a.$$

\therefore This is a contradiction.

Let $2a^2 \in B$ and $a \in A$.

If $A, B \subseteq \mathbb{R}$.

$$\alpha < A < \beta \quad \delta < B < \epsilon$$

Since $2a^2 > a$ for $a \in \mathbb{R}$.

$$\delta - \alpha < B - A < \epsilon - \beta.$$

$\therefore \text{Sup } B - \text{inf } A$ s.t. B is bounded above.