If G = (V, U, E) is a bipartite graph satisfying |V| = |U| = n and $|N(S)| \ge |S| - d$ for every $S \subset V$ and some fixed integer d. Here as always, $N(S) \subset U$ refers to the set of neighbors of the elements of S, i.e., N(S) is the set of all those vertices adjacent to at least one member of S. Prove that the graph G has a matching of size n - d. (Hint: Try to use Hall's theorem on a suitably modified graph.)