12. A star of mass M and radius R is moving with velocity v through a cloud of particles of density  $\rho$ . If all the particles that collide with the star are trapped by it, show that the mass of the star will increase at a rate

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}M}{\mathrm{d}t} = \pi \rho v \left( R^2 + \frac{2GMR}{v^2} \right).$$

Given that  $M=10^{31}\,\mathrm{kg}$  and  $R=10^8\,\mathrm{km}$ , find how the effective cross-sectional area compares with the geometric cross-section  $\pi R^2$  for velocities of  $1000\,\mathrm{km\,s^{-1}}$ ,  $100\,\mathrm{km\,s^{-1}}$  and  $10\,\mathrm{km\,s^{-1}}$ .