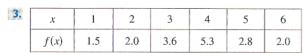


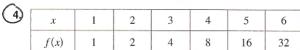
FIGURE 16

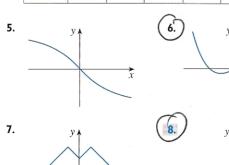


3.2 EXERCISES

- 1. (a) What is a one-to-one function?
 - (b) How can you tell from the graph of a function whether it is one-to-one?
- **2.** (a) Suppose f is a one-to-one function with domain A and range B. How is the inverse function f^{-1} defined? What is the domain of f^{-1} ? What is the range of f^{-1} ?
 - (b) If you are given a formula for f, how do you find a formula for f^{-1} ?
 - (c) If you are given the graph of f, how do you find the graph of f^{-1} ?
- **3–14** A function is given by a table of values, a graph, a formula, or a verbal description. Determine whether it is one-to-one.





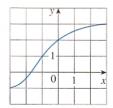


9.
$$f(x) = x^2 - 2x$$
 10. $f(x) = 10 - 3x$

11.
$$g(x) = 1/x$$

$$(12) g(x) = \cos x$$

- 13. f(t) is the height of a football t seconds after kickoff.
- f(t) is your height at age t.
- **15.** If f is a one-to-one function such that f(2) = 9, what is $f^{-1}(9)$?
- **16.** If $f(x) = x + \cos x$, find $f^{-1}(1)$.
- 17. If $g(x) = 3 + x + e^x$, find $g^{-1}(4)$.
- **18.** The graph of f is given.
 - (a) Why is f one-to-one?
 - (b) What are the domain and range of f^{-1} ?
 - (c) What is the value of $f^{-1}(2)$?
 - (d) Estimate the value of $f^{-1}(0)$.



- 19. The formula $C = \frac{5}{9}(F 32)$, where $F \ge -459.67$, expresses the Celsius temperature C as a function of the Fahrenheit temperature F. Find a formula for the inverse function and interpret it. What is the domain of the inverse function?
- **20.** In the theory of relativity, the mass of a particle with speed v is

$$m = f(v) = \frac{m_0}{\sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2}}$$

where m_0 is the rest mass of the particle and c is the speed of light in a vacuum. Find the inverse function of f and explain its meaning.